

Dipotassium Phosphate

Chemical Name: Dipotassium Phosphate

Formula: K_2HPO_4 , $K_2HPO_4 \cdot 3H_2O$

Molecular weight: Anhydrous: 174.18; Trihydrate : 228.184.

Specificity: It's colorless or white square crystal granule, easily deliquescent, alkaline, in soluble in ethanol. PH value is about 9 in 1% aqueous solution.

Quality Standard:

| Name of Index | FCC-1997 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Assay (dry)≥% | 98.0 |
| As≤% | 0.0003 |
| P ₂ O ₅ Assay≥% | 39.94(Anhydrous) |
| | 30.52(Trihydrate) |
| K ₂ O Assay≥% | 52.94(Anhydrous) |
| | 40.4(Trihydrate) |
| Fluoride(F)≤% | 0.001 |
| Heavy Metal(Pb)≤% | 0.0015 |
| Water insoluble matter≤% | 0.2 |
| Pb≤% | 0.0002 |
| Loss on Dry% | ≤2.0 (Anhydrous) |
| | 20.0-30.0 (Trihydrate) |
| pH value | --- |

Usage:In food industry, it is used as buffering agent, chelating agent, yeast food, emulsifying salt, synergistic agent of anti-oxidation.

Packing:It is packed with polyethylene bag as inner layer, and a compound plastic woven bag as the outer layer. The net weight of each bag is 25kg.

Storage and Transport: It should be stored in a dry and ventilating warehouse. Be cautious to keep away from moisture and hot; unloaded with care, so as to avoid the damage. Furthermore, it should be stored separately from poisonous substance